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Phostrol®

AGRICULTURAL FUNGICIDE

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Mono- and dibasic sodium, potassium,
and ammonium phosphites* 53.6%

OTHER INGREDIENTS: 46.4%

TOTAL: 100.0%

*Contains 6.26 pounds/gallon of the active ingredients, mono- and dibasic sodium, potassium, and ammonium salts of phosphorous acid, equivalent to 4.08 pounds phosphorous acid per gallon (34.9 weight %).

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION / PRECAUCIÓN

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

**SEE INSIDE BOOKLET FOR FIRST AID AND
ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

**For Chemical Spill, Leak, Fire, or Exposure, Call CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300
For Medical Emergencies Only, Call (877) 325-1840**

EPA Reg. No. 55146-83
EPA Est. No. 044689-TX-001

Manufactured For
NUFARM AMERICAS INC. - AGT DIVISION
150 Harvester Drive
Burr Ridge, IL 60527



FIRST AID

IF IN EYES	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Take off contaminated clothing.• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF INHALED	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Remove victim to fresh air.• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.• Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-325-1840 for emergency medical treatment information.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION / PRECAUCIÓN

Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- chemical-resistant gloves
- shoes plus socks
- protective eyewear

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls Statement: When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d) (4-5)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters or rinsate. This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not apply to water. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to fish and aquatic organisms in adjacent aquatic sites.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the State or Tribal agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard (WPS), 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the WPS.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the REI of 4 hours.

For early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the WPS and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, wear: coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, shoes and socks, and protective eyewear.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the WPS for agricultural pesticides 40 CFR Part 170. The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Do not enter treated area until sprays have dried.

CHEMIGATION: Apply this product only through center pivot, motorized lateral move, end tow, traveler, big gun, solid set, drip, microjet, or hand move sprinkler irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system unless specifically set forth above. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone (RPZ), backflow preventer or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials

that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

SPRINKLER CHEMIGATION: The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back flow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

The pesticide supply tank should be equipped with a means for continuous agitation either by recirculation or a mechanical agitator. Charge the supply tank with the appropriate amount of water and add the pesticide slowly followed by any sticker-spreaders, insecticides, nutrients, etc. Observe all cautions and limitations on the labels of all products used in the mixtures. For fixed position irrigation systems such as center pivot, big gun, etc, apply the pesticide towards the end of the irrigation period. Exact timing will depend on the desired pesticide application rate and calibration of the system. For moving systems, apply the pesticide continuously. In all cases, provide thorough coverage of the crop.

APPLICATION PROCEDURES: Apply by air or ground in sufficient water for complete coverage of the foliage. Use a minimum of 5 gallons of water for aerial application and 20 gallons by ground.

CROPS

NOTE: Mixing this product with certain surfactants, foliar fertilizers, or other pesticides can cause crop injury. Determine crop sensitivity to a particular combination by spraying a small area of foliage and fruit. Evaluate 3 to 7 days later for adverse effects.

NOTE: To assure the compatibility of this product with these and other products, pour the products into a small container of water in the correct proportions. After thorough mixing, let stand for 5 minutes. If the combination remains mixed, or can be re-mixed readily, the mixture is compatible.

NOTE: Mixing of this product with other products has been known to increase the salt content and the potential for fruit burn. Environmental factors that could exasperate burn potential include applying product during the following conditions: 1) temperatures above 90°F, 2) shortly after a rain event, 3) during color break of the fruit. Apply with extreme caution when these conditions exist. Determine crop sensitivity to these factors by spraying small areas of foliage and fruit. Evaluate 7 to 10 days later for adverse effects.

ALMONDS, WALNUTS and other NUT CROPS

Phytophthora spp. Apply 2.5 to 5 pints product per acre per application. Apply first application with first irrigation in the spring with subsequent applications at 3 to 5-month intervals or as needed.

ASPARAGUS

Provides effective control of *Asparagus Spear Slime* and *Crown Rot* caused by *Phytophthora spp.* Apply this product at 2.5 to 5 pints product per acre per application. Apply this product to fully expanded asparagus ferns. Do not apply to ferns that are beginning to senesce. Thorough coverage is required.

AVOCADO

Phytophthora citricola (Canker). Mix 2.5 to 5 pints product with 5 gallons of water and apply to trunk lesions using enough spray volume to thoroughly wet the lesions. In the absence of lesions, apply to the trunk from the soil line to about two feet up the trunk. Use the higher rate when lesions are present.

Phytophthora cinnamoni (Root Rot). Apply 4.5 pints product per acre in up to 500 gallons of water starting at transplant or at the start of the growing season. Make up to 4 applications per year at 60-day intervals. Spray to runoff.

Downy Mildew. Apply 0.12 fluid ounce product per gallon of water (equivalent to 3.15 pints product per 500 gallons water) to runoff as needed for disease control.

BLUEBERRY

This product is effective in controlling *Phytophthora root rot* (*Phytophthora spp.*) of blueberries. Apply 2.5 to 5 pints product per acre depending on disease pressure. Begin foliar sprays in the spring at approximately the pink bud stage and continue on a 14 to 21-day interval. Use sufficient volume of water for good coverage.

BRASSICA CROPS

[Broccoli, Broccoli Raab (rapini), Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese Broccoli (gai lan), Chinese Cabbage (Bok Choy), Chinese Cabbage (Napa), Chinese Mustard Cabbage (Gai Choy), Cauliflower, Cavalo Broccolo, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard Greens, Mustard Spinach, Rape Greens]

Peronospora parasitica (Downy Mildew). Apply 2.5 to 5 pints product in 8 to 50 gallons of water per acre on a 7 to 21-day interval when conditions favor disease development. Use higher rates and shorter spray intervals when disease pressure is moderate to high.

CANEBERRY*

(Blackberry, Loganberry, Red and Black Raspberry, cultivars and/or hybrids)

Phytophthora spp. (Root Rot): Apply 4.5 pints product in a minimum of 20 gallons of water to assure thorough wetting of the foliage. In new plantings, begin application when the plants produce new growth of 1 to 3 inches. In established plantings, begin application when conditions favor disease development.

East of the Rocky Mountains: Begin application in the spring after bud break (1 to 3 inches of new growth) and repeat on 45 to 60-day intervals. Do not make more than 4 sprays during the growing season.

West of the Rocky Mountains: Fall Application – apply when conditions favor disease development and repeat if necessary in 3 to 4 weeks. Spring Application – make first application after bud break and repeat 3 to 4 weeks later.

CITRUS

Phytophthora Foot, Root and Brown Rot. Apply 4.5 pints product per acre in up to 500 gallons of water when conditions favor disease development. Apply to runoff making sure the foliage is thoroughly wet.

Phytophthora Foot Rot. Mix 2.5 to 5 pints product with 5 gallons of water and apply to trunk lesions using enough spray volume to thoroughly wet the lesions. In the absence of lesions, apply to the trunk from the soil line to about two feet up the trunk. Use the higher rate when lesions are present.

CRANBERRY

This product is effective in controlling root rot caused by *Phytophthora spp.* when used in conjunction with good management practices. Apply 5 to 6 pints product per acre as a foliar spray, beginning in the spring when conditions become conducive to disease development. Continue applications on a 14 to 30-day interval. Do not exceed four applications per year and do not apply within 3 days of harvest. Use a sufficient volume of water to ensure good coverage.

CUCURBIT CROPS

[Chinese Waxgourd, Citron Melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Gourd (edible), Momordica spp. (Balsam Apple, Balsam Pear, Bitter Melon, Chinese Cucumber), Muskmelon, Pumpkin, Summer and Winter Squash, Watermelon]

Phytophthora spp. (Root and Fruit Rot) and *Pseudoperonospora cubensis* (Downy Mildew). Apply 2.5 to 5 pints product in 8 to 50 gallons of water per acre beginning when conditions favor disease development. Repeat as needed on a 7 to 14-day interval. In times of moderate to high disease pressure, use the higher rate and the shorter spray interval.

NOTE: Do not exceed seven applications per season.

GINSENG*

Phytophthora cactorum (Foliar and Root Rot). Apply 4.5 pints product per 100 gallons of spray starting when conditions first become conducive to disease development and continue on a 7-day interval as long as conditions remain favorable for disease development.

NOTE: Do not exceed nine applications per season.

GRAPE

Downy Mildew. Apply 2.5 to 5 pints product in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre. Begin application at bud break with additional applications made throughout the season. Use higher rates depending upon disease severity and canopy density.

NOTE: Due to varietal sensitivity, test for sensitivity prior to use.

HOPS

Downy Mildew. Apply 2.5 pints product in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre as directed foliar spray using ground equipment only. During favorable disease development conditions make applications as follows: 1) when shoots are 6 to 12 inches high; 2) after training when vines are 5 to 6 feet tall; 3) about 3 weeks after the second application; and 4) during bloom.

LEAFY VEGETABLES (Except Brassica Vegetables)

[Amaranth, Arugula (Rocket), Cardoon, Celery, Celery (Chinese), Celtuce, Chervil, Chrysanthemum (Edible Leaved, Garland), Corn Salad, Cress (Garden, Upland), Dandelion, Dock (Sorrel), Endive (Escarole), Fennel (Florence), Lettuce (Head and Leaf), Orach, Parsley, Purslane (Garden, Winter), Radicchio (Red Chicory), Rhubarb, Spinach, Spinach (New Zealand and Vine), Swiss Chard]

Bremia lactucae, *Peronospora* spp. (Downy Mildew). Apply 2.5 to 5 pints product in 10 to 50 gallons of water per acre to obtain good coverage. Begin application when conditions favor disease development and continue on a 7 to 21-day spray interval. Use higher rate and shorter spray interval during times of moderate to high disease pressure.

NOTE: Do not exceed seven applications per season.

MACADAMIA NUTS

When used in conjunction with good cultural management practices, this product is effective in controlling *Phytophthora Raceme Blight*. For foliar application, apply this product when disease first appears. Apply 7.5 pints product per acre in sufficient water to thoroughly wet the foliage. Continue applications at 21-day intervals until conditions no longer favor disease development.

ONIONS (DRY BULB)

Peronospora destructor (Downy Mildew). **Best results are obtained when this product is used in a preventative disease control program.** Apply 2.5 to 3.75 pints of product per acre by air, ground and/or chemigation, beginning when conditions first favor disease development. Continue applications on a 7 to 14-day interval. If disease is already present, use the high rate and the shortest spray interval.

NOTE: Do not exceed seven applications per crop season.

PEAS, LENTILS

Phytophthora, *Pythium* and *Downy Mildew*: Apply this product at 1 to 2 quarts per acre. Apply diluted solution to thoroughly wet foliage. Apply with normal irrigation schedule. Apply at 2 to 3-week intervals and repeat as needed.

PEPPERS

Phytophthora, *Pythium* and *Downy Mildew*: Apply this product at 1 to 2 quarts per acre. Apply diluted solution to thoroughly wet foliage. Apply with normal irrigation schedule. Apply at 2 to 3-week intervals and repeat as needed.

PINEAPPLE

Phytophthora parasitica (Heart Rot). Apply as a pre-plant dip immediately prior to planting using 2.5 pints product per 100 gallons solution. One hundred gallons is used to treat the number of slips required to plant one acre. For established plantings, apply 3 pints product per 100 gallons of spray mixture beginning when conditions are favorable for disease development and when such conditions are anticipated. Continue applications at 3-month intervals. Make sure sufficient coverage is obtained.

POME FRUIT

(Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pear, Oriental Pear Quince)

Fire Blight (*Erwinia amylovora*), *Phytophthora* spp. (Collar and Root Rot). Apply 2.5 to 5 pints product per acre in up to 500 gallons of water at 30 to 60-day intervals when conditions favor disease development. Under moderate to heavy disease pressure, make 3 to 4 applications at 4 pints product per acre on a 60-day spray interval or make 6 to 8 applications at 2 pints product per acre on a 30-day interval. Thorough spray coverage is required.

Suppression of Blister Spot (*Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *papulans*). Apply 2.5 to 5 pints product per acre in up to 500 gallons of water at 7 to 10-day intervals when conditions favor disease development. Apply 4 to 5 times. Begin applications at bloom and continue as long as conditions favor disease development. Thorough spray coverage is required.

POTATOES

IN-FURROW APPLICATION: For the suppression of storage rot diseases such as *Pink Rot* (caused by *Phytophthora erythroseptica*) and *Pythium Leak* (caused by *Pythium* spp.) apply 3.75 to 10 pints product in combination with 11.6 to 13.0 fluid ounces of Ultra Flourish® brand mefenoxam fungicide. Apply in a band at planting directly over the seed pieces prior to row closure in a minimum of 3 gallons of water per acre.

Additional in-season foliar applications of this product tank mixed with an appropriate fungicide containing either mefenoxam, chlorothalonil, mancozeb, or copper is necessary when:

- disease conditions are severe or
- the variety planted is susceptible or moderately susceptible to the disease or
- field is located in a long growing season location

See Ultra Flourish® Specimen Label and Ultra Flourish® Supplemental Label for more information.

Foliar Application: For the control of *late blight* (caused by *Phytophthora infestans*) and for the control of storage rot diseases such as *Pink Rot* (caused by *Phytophthora erythroseptica*) and *Pythium Leak* (caused by *Pythium* spp.), apply 2.5 to 10 pints of this product per acre by air, ground and/or chemigation. Apply every 4 to 14 days depending on disease conditions. Integrate this product with other fungicides labeled for late blight such as AgriTin®, Flourolil™, Champ® 2 Flowable or Champ® DP in a spray rotation program appropriate for disease conditions.

Post Harvest Potatoes: For the control of *Late Blight* (*Phytophthora infestans*) and *Pink Rot* (*Phytophthora erythroseptica*), apply 0.1 gallon of this product per ton of tubers in 0.5 gallon of water as a spray. Ensure complete and even coverage.

Note: Not for use on thin-skinned varieties grown for fresh market.

STONE FRUIT

Provides effective control of *collar* and *root rot* caused by *Phytophthora* spp. **Foliar Application:** Apply 4.5 pints product per 100 gallons water when conditions favor disease development. Check with your Cooperative Extension Service if you are unsure about whether conditions exist and continue on a 60-day interval. Treat nursery tree resets and new plantings after leaf emergence.

For *almond pruning-wound canker* caused by *Phytophthora syringae*, **Paint or Spray Application:** Apply 2.5 to 5 pints product in 100 gallons of water as a paint or spray to the pruning wound area in a sufficient volume to thoroughly wet the entire surface. Under severe disease conditions (e.g., active canker lesions), use the higher rate. For small volume applications, mix 0.5 to 0.8 fluid ounce product per gallon of water. This is equivalent to 3 to 5 pints product per 100 gallons.

STRAWBERRY

Phytophthora fragariae (Red Stele). **Dip Application** – apply at 2.5 pints product in 100 gallons of water as a pre-plant dip to strawberry roots and crowns for 15 to 30 minutes. Plant within 24 hours of dipping. Use this application for both annual and perennial varieties.

FOLIAR APPLICATION: Annual Planting – Apply 2.5 to 5 pints product per acre. Begin application 2 to 3 weeks after planting and repeat on a 30 to 60-day interval while conditions favor disease development. Perennial Planting – Start spring applications when the plants start active growth. Repeat application at 30 to 60-day intervals if disease conditions persist or reoccur.

If using Red Stele susceptible varieties or if disease pressure is severe, use higher rates (3.75 to 5 pints product per acre), shortest application time (30 days) and maximum number of applications.

Phytophthora cactorum (Leather Rot). Apply 2.5 to 5 pints product per acre starting at 10% bloom and early fruit set. Continue on a 7 to 14-day interval while conditions favor disease development. Under heavy disease pressure, use higher rates (3.75 to 5 pints product per acre), shortest application time (7 days) and maximum number of applications.

TOBACCO*

Black Shank (*Phytophthora parasitica* var. *nicotiana*) Apply 2.5 to 5 pints product in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre beginning after transplants have been established in the field. Continue on a 7 to 14-day spray interval when conditions are favorable for disease development. Use the higher rate (3.75 to 5 pints product in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre) and shorter spray interval when disease pressure is moderate to high or plants are more mature.

TOMATO

Phytophthora spp. (Root Rot). Apply 2.5 to 5 pints product in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre beginning at the 2 to 4-leaf growth stages for direct seeded tomatoes or immediately after transplanting to the field. Continue on a 7 to 14-day spray interval when conditions are favorable for disease development. Use the higher rate (3.75 to 5 pints product in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre) and shorter spray interval when disease pressure is moderate to high.

***NOT FOR THIS USE IN CALIFORNIA.**

ORNAMENTALS AND BEDDING PLANTS

Apply this product to ornamentals and bedding plants grown in field nursery, greenhouse, and landscaping and conifer nursery plantations to control diseases caused by *Pythium* and *Phytophthora*. Apply this product for the control of downy mildew, fire blight and suppression of bacterial blight caused by certain pathovars of *Xanthomonas campestris*. Apply this product prior to disease development in conjunction with good agricultural management practices. Use higher rate when disease pressure is severe. To prevent plant injury, do not exceed the rates or application frequency.

ORNAMENTALS

FOLIAR APPLICATIONS: Apply this product to foliage of plants such as Aglaonema, Aphelandra, Azalea, Bougainvillea, Cattleya Skinneri, Cissus, Dieffenbachia, Hibiscus, Juniper, Leather-leaf Fern, Pittosporum, Philodendron Spathiphyllum and Taxus media. Mix 2.5 to 5 pints of product with 100 gallons of water. Spray the solution until foliage is wet. Do not use more than 400 gallons of spray per acre. Repeat as necessary. Do not apply more than once every 30 days.

DRENCH APPLICATIONS: Apply this product to plants such as Aphelandra, Azalea, Boxwood, Cissus, Dieffenbachia, Japanese Holly, Juniper, Monterey Pine, Philodendron, Pieris, Pittosporum, Rhododendron, Schefflera, Spathiphyllum, and Taxus media. Mix 6 to 12 fluid ounces of product with 100 gallons of water. Apply 2 pints of spray solution per square foot. Repeat as necessary. Do not make more than one application every 30 days.

SOIL INCORPORATION: Apply this product directly in the soil to control *Phytophthora* in well rooted plants only. Use 8 to 12 fluid ounces of this product per cubic yard of soil. Mix this product into soil immediately prior to potting. Apply this product as a foliar spray or drench, according to directions above, when conditions support disease development. Do not apply this product as a foliar spray or drench more than once every 30 days.

BEDDING PLANTS

FOLIAR APPLICATIONS: Apply this product as a foliar spray to bedding plants such as Begonia, Pansy, Vinca, Marigold, Zinnia, Petunia, Geranium, and Impatiens. Mix 1.25 to 4 pints of this product with 100 gallons of water. Spray the solution until the foliage is wet. Do not spray more than 400 gallons of solution per acre. Reapply as necessary but do not apply more than once every 14 days.

FOR USE ON CONIFERS IN NURSERIES TO PREVENT PHYTOPHTHORA ROOT ROT:

DIP TREATMENTS: Use this product for dip treatment of conifers in nurseries to prevent *Phytophthora* root rot. Mix 2.5 pints of this product in 100 gallons of water. Immediately prior to transplanting, thoroughly wet the plant and root

mass by dipping it in the product solution. While performing dip treatments: protect hands with chemical and water-resistant gloves, protect eyes and face with goggles or face shield, protect skin by wearing long pants (coveralls), long-sleeved shirt, shoes and socks.

FOLIAR APPLICATIONS: Apply this product as a foliar spray to conifers such as Douglas fir, spruce and pines. Mix 2.5 to 5 pints of this product with 100 gallons of water. Spray the solution until foliage is wet. Do not spray more than 400 gallons of solution per acre. Do not apply more than once every 30 days.

DOWNY MILDEW CONTROL IN ROSES

FOLIAR APPLICATIONS: Apply this product to the foliage of rose varieties such as filed, container, landscape and mini roses to control downy mildew (*Peronospora sparsa*). Mix 2.5 pints of this product with 100 gallons of water. Spray the solution until the foliage is wet. Do not apply more than 400 gallons per acre. Always use a thorough disease sanitation program to reduce the spread of diseases to uninfected plants. Reapply as necessary but do not apply more than once every 7 days.

FIRE BLIGHT SUPPRESSION

FOLIAR APPLICATIONS: Apply this product to the foliage of plants such as Ornamental Pear, Pyracantha and Hawthorne to suppress fire blight before it occurs. Mix 2.5 pints of this product with 100 gallons of water. Spray the solution until the foliage is wet. Do not spray more than 400 gallons of solution per acre. Because this product functions as a preventative application to suppress fire blight, apply the first product spray treatment before blooms appear and repeat application once every 7 days until bloom period ends. Do not apply more than once every seven days. Always use a thorough disease sanitation program to reduce the spread of diseases to uninfected plants.

NOTE: Not for this use in California.

BACTERIAL BLIGHT SUPPRESSION

FOLIAR APPLICATIONS: Apply this product to the foliage of plants such as English Ivy, Schefflera, Anthurium, Dieffenbachia, Spathaphyllum, Syngonium, and Ficus for the suppression of the *Xanthomonas campestris* pathogens: *Hederae*, *Dieffenbachiae*, *Syngonli*, and *Fici*. Mix 1.9 to 4.1 pints of this product with 100 gallons of water. Spray the solution until the foliage is wet. Do not spray more than 400 gallons of solution per acre. Reapply as necessary but do not apply more than once every 7 days. Always use a thorough disease sanitation program to reduce the spread of diseases to uninfected plants.

PLANT TOLERANCE

The genera and species identified on this label have been found to have acceptable plant tolerances to this product. Not every species or variety of ornamental plant has been tested for its tolerance to this product. Prior to using this product on plant genera or species that is not identified on this label, test a sample area for phytotoxicity responses using the given rates.

COMPATIBILITY

Determine the compatibility of this product with any other product by mixing approximately 1 pint of this product spray solution with other products in the same proportion and order as the contemplated use. The mixture will typically show signs of incompatibility within 5 to 15 minutes. Do not use this mixture if any signs of incompatibility appear. If a tank mixture is being considered, read and follow all directions and precautions on this product label and on the labels of any products that will be used in the tank mixture.

TURF

Apply this product, a systemic fungicide to turf grasses, such as those found on golf courses and sod farms, for the control of *Pythium* diseases and Yellow tuft. To control *Pythium* disease, including root rot and blight, apply in 14-day intervals as a foliar spray using 4.1 fluid ounces of this product mixed with 1 to 5 gallons of water per 1000 square feet.

To control Yellow tuft, apply as a foliar spray in 21-day intervals using 8.2 fluid ounces of this product mixed with 1 to 5 gallons of water per 1000 square feet. Make applications of this product to *Pythium* diseases and Yellow tuft with an accurately or properly calibrated sprayer. Begin preventive application when conditions first favor disease development and repeat at the specified intervals. Do not mow or water the areas treated with this product until sprays have dried.

TURF TANK MIXTURES

SUMMER STRESS COMPLEX [SUMMER DECLINE]: This product can be tank mixed with the products registered for use on common turfgrasses to control Summer Decline caused by *Pythium* and *Rhizoctonia*. When used in accordance with the most restrictive label limitations and precautions, apply tank mixtures on golf courses, sod farms, industrial or municipal turf areas and for professional applications to residential lawns. Do not exceed the dosage rates provided on this or any other product label. Do not mix this product with any other products that have a label warning against such mixing. Use this product as a foliar spray using an accurately calibrated sprayer. Apply product at rates given above mixed with 1 to 5 gallons of water per 1000 square feet. Use this product preventatively by starting applications when conditions first favor disease. Repeat applications at the directed intervals. Do not mow or water treated foliage until the product spray has fully dried. If this product is tank mixed with other fungicides follow the label directions for that fungicide. Apply tank mixtures at the rate for control of the targeted disease development.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: This product should be stored in its original container in a cool, dry locked place out of reach of children and out of direct sunlight. Do not use or store near open flame.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: To avoid waste, use all material in this container by application according to label directions. If waste cannot be avoided, offer remaining product to a waste disposal facility or pesticide disposal program (often such programs are run by state or local governments).

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. Do not use or refill this container. Triple rinse (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for ten seconds, after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and soap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration. Do not burn unless allowed by state and local ordinances. If burned, stay out of smoke.

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