

Specimen Label



Fungicide

*Trademark of Dow AgroSciences LLC

NOT FOR USE IN THE FOLLOWING STATES: Alaska, Arizona, California, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, Washington and Wyoming

Active Ingredient

Myclobutanil: a-butyl-a-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole-1-propanenitrile	40%
Inert Ingredients	60%
Total	100%

EPA Reg. No. 62719-411

Keep Out of Reach of Children

WARNING AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Causes Substantial But Temporary Eye Injury • Harmful If Inhaled, Swallowed Or Absorbed Through The Skin

Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves (Category A in EPA's Chemical-Resistant Category Selection Chart)
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/ maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product.
- Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

First Aid

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If on skin or clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Hot Line Number: Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-992-5994 day or night, for emergency treatment information.

Environmental Hazards

For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift or runoff from areas treated.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions.

Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies elsewhere on this label. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994. If you wish to obtain additional product information, visit our web site at www.dowagro.com.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

Directions for Use

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves (Category A in EPA's chemical-Resistant Category Selection Chart)
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Storage: Store in a cool dry area above freezing. The water-soluble pouch may become brittle at storage temperatures below 32°F, but the fungicide is not affected. Do not remove the water-soluble pouches from the container except for immediate use.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting in the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal: Completely empty container into application equipment. Dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled: Wear eye protection. Wear protective clothing. Spray water on powder and dust. Scoop or shovel solid material into a suitable container for recovery or disposal. Keep dust to a minimum. Flush contaminated area with a large amount of water to a chemical or sanitary sewer containing a settling pit. Remove contaminated clothing promptly and wash affected skin areas with soap and water. Thoroughly launder clothing before reuse. Refer to Precautionary Statements promptly and wash affected skin areas with soap and water.

General Use Information

Nova* 40W fungicide is a systemic, protectant and curative fungicide recommended for the control of specific diseases mentioned on this label. Optimum disease control is achieved when the fungicide is applied in a regularly scheduled preventative spray program.

Handling

Nova 40W is packaged in water-soluble pouches. **Do not** allow pouches to become wet prior to adding to the spray tank. **Do not** handle the pouches with wet hands or wet gloves. Always reseal overwrap bag to protect remaining unused pouches. **Do not** remove water-soluble pouches from overwrap except to add directly to the spray tank.

Use Rate Determination

Carefully read, understand and follow label use rates and restrictions. Under low disease conditions, minimum label use rates per application can be used while maximum label rates and shortened spray schedules are recommended for severe or threatening disease conditions. For proper application, determine the number of acres to be treated, the recommended label use rate and the gallonage to be applied per acre. Prepare only the amount of spray solution required to treat the measured acreage. Careful calibration of spray equipment is recommended prior to use.

Rotation Crops

Crops on this label may be planted immediately after the last treatment. Do not plant other crops within 30 days after the last application.

Application

Ground: Thorough coverage sprays generally result in optimum disease control. To achieve good coverage use proper spray pressure, gallonage per acre, nozzles, nozzle spacing and tractor speed. Consult spray nozzle and accessory catalogues for specific information on proper equipment calibration.

Aerial: Apply in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre. Avoid application under conditions when uniform coverage cannot be obtained or when excessive spray drift may occur.

Chemigation Use Directions

Sprinkler Irrigation

Nova 40W must be applied on a regular protectant fungicide schedule, **not an irrigation schedule**. If irrigation cycles are less frequent than the recommended application intervals for Nova 40W, ground or aerial applications must supplement chemigation applications to achieve adequate disease control.

- Apply Nova 40W only through sprinkler irrigation systems including center-pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems. Do not apply product through any other type of irrigation system.
- Lack of fungicidal effectiveness or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.
- If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialist, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

- Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water system are in place.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Before applying Nova 40W through sprinkler irrigation equipment, the chemigation system must meet the following specifications:

- Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional reduced-pressure zone (RPZ), backflow preventer or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- Systems not connected to a public water supply must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located in the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back flow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch that will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Center-pivot, Lateral Move, End Tow, and Traveler Irrigation Equipment (use only with electric or oil hydraulic drive systems, which provide a uniform water distribution):

- Determine size of area to be treated.
- Determine the time required to apply no more than 1/4 inch water (6,750 gallons water per acre) over the area to be treated when the system and injection equipment are operated at normal pressures recommended by the equipment manufacturer. Run system at 80 to 95% of manufacturer's rated capacity.
- Using only water, determine the injection pump output when operated at normal line pressure.

- Determine the amount of Nova 40W required for treatment area.
- Add the required amount of Nova 40W and sufficient water to meet the injection time requirements of the solution tank.
- Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period.
- Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until Nova 40W solution has cleared the sprinkler head.

Solid-set, Side (wheel) Roll, and Hand Move Irrigation Equipment:

- Determine acreage covered by sprinkler.
- Fill injector solution tank with water and adjust flow rate to use contents over a 10 to 30 minute interval.
- Determine the amount of Nova 40W required for treatment area.
- Add the required amount of Nova 40W into the same quantity of water used to calibrate the injection equipment.
- Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period.
- Operate system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of the injection equipment and used for the time interval established during calibration.
- Inject Nova 40W at the end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application to maximize foliar fungicide retention.
- Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until Nova 40W solution has cleared the last sprinkler head.

Mixing

Always place Nova 40W into solution prior to adding co-applied agricultural chemicals registered for use on specific crop or crops being treated. Add the required number of unopened pouches as determined by the dosage recommendations into the spray tank with agitation. Depending on the water temperature and the degree of agitation, the pouches should dissolve completely within approximately ten minutes from the time they are added to the water.

Compatibility

Nova 40W is compatible with most commonly used agricultural fungicides, insecticides, growth regulators, micronutrients and spray adjuvants. When preparing tank mixes, user should consult spray compatibility charts or State Cooperative Extension Service Specialists prior to actual use.

Note: Nova 40W is compatible with boron and spray oils; however, the water-soluble pouches must be completely dissolved before adding spray oils or products containing boron to spray mixtures.

General Use Directions for Tree Fruits

Best control of labeled diseases is achieved when Nova 40W is applied on a 7 to 10 day application schedule.

Nova 40W is a systemic fungicide and does not redistribute with rainfall after application. Application equipment spray nozzles should be adjusted to apply a uniform spray throughout the entire tree canopy.

The following use recommendations are to be used as guidance in determining the amount of Nova 40W to be used per 100 gallons spray or per acre. Refer to specific tree fruit use directions to determine actual use rates for the control of labeled diseases.

Determination of Use Rates on an Acre Basis: The amount of Nova 40W required per acre varies with tree size and the volume of fruit and foliage to be treated. The following summary table may be used as additional guidance for the determination of appropriate per acre use rates for Nova 40W:

Tree Height (ft)	Nova 40W (oz/acre)	
	Apples and Mayhaws	Stone Fruits
10 (or less)	2.5 to 5.0	2.5 to 4.0
15	3.75 to 6.0	4.0 to 6.0
20 (or more)	5.0 to 10.0	6.0

Concentrate Spray Applications: Nova 40W should be used at the recommended use rate per acre in either dilute or concentrate sprays. The following formula should be used to determine the equivalent amount of product per acre in 2X, 3X, etc. spray solutions:

$$\frac{\text{Ounces Nova 40W per acre} \times 100}{\text{Gallons of spray applied per acre}} = \text{Ounces of Nova 40W per 100 gallons}$$

Example: An apple orchard consisting of apple trees 18 feet in height will require 5 ounces Nova 40W for adequate apple scab control. Application equipment has been calibrated to apply 80 gallons spray per acre, therefore:

$$\frac{5 \text{ Ounces Nova 40W per acre} \times 100}{80 \text{ gallons spray applied per acre}} = 6.25 \text{ ounces per 100 gallons}$$

Dilute, Thorough Coverage Applications: Dilute thorough coverage applications are based on the amount of spray solution required to thoroughly wet trees until spray run-off. The following specific use directions for apples and mayhaws utilizes a 400 gallon per acre dilute basis and the specific use directions for stone fruits utilize a 250 gallon per acre dilute basis.

Use Directions for Grapes

Thorough spray coverage is essential for good disease control. Nova 40W should be applied in sufficient water to insure adequate coverage.

Diseases	Rate Of Nova (oz/acre)	Use Recommendations	Restrictions
Anthracnose (<i>Elsinoe</i> spp.)	3 to 5 (1.2 to 2.0 oz active)	Begin application when new shoots are 1 to 3 inches in length and continue on an application schedule, which does not exceed 14 days.	Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 1.5 lb of Nova 40W (0.6 lb active) per acre per year.
Black Rot (<i>Guignardia</i> spp.)		Preventative Schedule: Begin application when new shoots are 1 to 3 inches in length and continue applications on an application schedule which does not exceed 14 days. Use higher rate under heavy disease pressure. Postinfection Schedule: Apply within 72 hours after the beginning of an infection period.	
Powdery Mildew (<i>Uncinula</i> spp.)		Begin application at prebloom (12- to 18-inch shoots) and do not extend applications beyond a 21-day interval. Use higher rate or shorter spray interval on susceptible varieties or under heavy disease pressure.	

Use Directions for Herbs and Spices

Crop	Diseases	Rate of Nova (oz/acre)	Use Recommendations	Restrictions
Peppermint Spearmint	Powdery Mildew (<i>Erysiphe</i> spp.) Rust (<i>Puccinia</i> spp.)	4 to 5 (1.6 to 2.0 oz active)	Begin application in early spring when plants break dormancy. Continue applications on a 14- to 21-day application schedule.	Do not apply more than 15 ounces of Nova 40W (0.375 lb active) per acre per growing season. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.

Use Directions for Apples and Mayhaws

Diseases	Rate of Nova 40W (oz /100 gal) [†]	Use Recommendations	Restrictions
Powdery Mildew (<i>Podosphaera</i> spp.)	1.25 to 2.5 (0.5 to 1.0 oz active)	Begin application at tight cluster and continue through the second cover spray. Additional sprays beyond second cover may be needed on susceptible varieties or under heavy disease pressure. Use high label rate if powdery mildew was present in previous years.	Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 5 pounds of Nova 40W (2 lb active) per acre per season.
Rusts (<i>Gymnosporangium</i> spp.)	1.25 to 2.0 (0.5 to 0.8 oz active)	Begin applications at pink stage and continue through the second cover spray.	
Scab (<i>Venturia</i> spp.) Prebloom	1.25 to 2.0 (0.5 to 0.8 oz active)	Begin application at green tip or when environmental conditions become favorable for primary scab development. Apply Nova 40W alone or tank mixed with a protectant fungicide on a 7- to 10-day schedule.	
Bloom, Postbloom	1.25 to 2.0 (0.5 to 0.8 oz active)	Use Nova 40W in a tank mixture with the recommended rate of a protectant fungicide, registered for use on apples, for improved fruit scab and summer disease control	
Post Infection	2.0 (0.8 oz active)	Nova 40W provides 96-hour post-infection control or curative activity. Apply as soon as possible after infection period. Follow with a standard preventative spray schedule.	

[†]Based on dilute sprays with a 400-gallon per acre basis.

Use Directions for Small Fruits

Blackberry[†]			
Diseases	Nova 40W (oz/acre)	Use Recommendations	Restrictions
Cane and Leaf Rust (<i>Kuehneola</i> spp.) Orange Rust (<i>Arthuriomyces</i> spp.) Powdery Mildew (<i>Sphaerotheca</i> spp.) Yellow Rust (<i>Phragmidium</i> spp.)	1.25 to 2.5 (0.5 to 1.0 oz active)	Applications should be initiated as early as bud break and should continue at 10- to 14-day intervals, depending on the disease(s) to be controlled. Use the shorter spray interval under heavy disease pressure.	Applications may be made up to the day of harvest. Do not apply more than 10 ounces of Nova 40W (0.25 lb active) per acre per growing season.
Currant			
Diseases	Nova 40W (oz/acre)	Use Recommendations	Restrictions
Powdery Mildew (<i>Sphaerotheca</i> spp.)	5.0 (2.0 oz active)	Make applications at pre-bloom, full bloom and 2 weeks later.	Applications may be made up to the day of harvest. Do not apply more than 40 ounces of Nova 40W (1.0 lb. active) per acre per growing season.
Gooseberry			
Diseases	Nova 40W (oz/acre)	Use Recommendations	Restrictions
Anthracnose (<i>Drepanopeziza</i> spp.)	5.0 (2.0 oz active)	Begin applications when the first leaf has completely unfolded, then at 10- to 14-day intervals as long as environmental conditions favor continued disease development.	Applications may be made up to the day of harvest. Do not apply more than 40 ounces of Nova 40W (1.0 lb. active) per acre per growing season.
Powdery Mildew (<i>Sphaerotheca</i> spp.)		Make applications at pre-bloom, full bloom and 2 weeks later.	

Raspberry [†]			
Diseases	Nova 40W (oz/acre)	Use Recommendations	Restrictions
Cane and Leaf Rust (<i>Kuehneola</i> spp.) Leaf Spot (<i>Sphaerulina</i> spp.) Orange Rust (<i>Arthuriomyces</i> spp.) Powdery Mildew (<i>Sphaerotheca</i> spp.) Yellow Rust (<i>Phragmidium</i> spp.)	1.25 to 2.5 (0.5 to 1.0 oz active)	Applications should be initiated as early as bud break and should continue at 10- to 14-day intervals, depending on the disease(s) to be controlled. Use the shorter spray interval under heavy disease pressure.	Applications may be made up to the day of harvest. Do not apply more than 10 ounces of Nova 40W (0.25 lb active) per acre per growing season.
Strawberry			
Diseases	Nova 40W (oz/acre)	Use Recommendations	Restrictions
Powdery Mildew (<i>Sphaerotheca</i> spp.) Leaf Spot (<i>Mycosphaerella</i> spp.) Leaf Blight (<i>Phomopsis</i> spp.)	2.5 to 5.0 (1.0 to 2.0 oz active)	Begin applications when disease first appears or when conditions favor disease development. Repeat applications at 14- to 21-day intervals.	Applications may be made up to the day of harvest. Do not apply more than 30 ounces of Nova 40W (0.75 lb active) per acre per year. Observe a 30-day plant-back interval between the last application and planting new crops at the treatment site.

†Includes use on the following members of the berries group including varieties and/or hybrids:

bingleberry	Dirksen thornless berry	olallieberry
black satin berry	Himalayaberry	Oregon evergreen berry
boysenberry	hullberry	phenomenalberry
Cherokee blackberry	Lavacaberry	rangeberry
Chesterberry	lowberry	ravenberry
Cheyenne blackberry	Lucretiaberry	rossberry
coryberry	mammoth blackberry	Shawnee blackberry
darrowberry	marionberry	youngberry
dewberry	nectarberry	

Use Directions for Stone Fruit

Applications may be made up to the day of harvest.

Apricots				
Diseases	Rate of Nova 40W		Use Recommendations	Restrictions
	(oz/100 gal) [†]	(oz/acre)		
Brown Rot Blossom Blight (<i>Monilinia</i> spp.)	1.25 to 2.0 (0.5 to 0.8 oz active)	2.5 to 6.0 (1.0 to 2.4 oz active)	Begin application at early red bud stage before infection occurs. If conditions are favorable for disease development, apply again at full bloom and petal fall.	Do not apply more than 2.75 lb of Nova 40W (1.1 lb active) per acre per season.
Brown Rot (<i>Monilinia</i> spp.)			Apply 6 ounces (2.4 oz active) per acre on a 7- to 14-day schedule. Applications should be made whenever environmental conditions favor disease development during the month prior to harvest.	
Powdery Mildew (<i>Podosphaera</i> spp.)			Follow brown rot blossom blight schedule making additional applications at 10- to 14-day intervals until terminal growth ceases.	
Shothole (<i>Stigmata</i> spp.)			Follow brown rot blossom blight schedule making additional applications at 7- to 10-day intervals as long as needed.	

[†]250 gallon dilute spray per acre basis.

Cherries				
Diseases	Rate of Nova 40W		Use Recommendations	Restrictions
	(oz/100 gal)[†]	(oz/acre)		
Brown Rot Blossom Blight (<i>Monilinia</i> spp.)	1.25 to 2.0 (0.5 to 0.8 oz active)	2.5 to 6.0 (1.0 to 2.4 oz active)	Begin application at early popcorn stage, before infection occurs. If conditions are favorable for disease development, apply again at full bloom and petal fall.	Do not apply more than 3.25 lb of Nova 40W (1.3 lb active) per acre per season.
Brown Rot (<i>Monilinia</i> spp.)			Refer to Apricots	
Powdery Mildew (<i>Podosphaera</i> and <i>Sphaerotheca</i> spp.)			Refer to Apricots	
Leaf Spot (<i>Blumeriella</i> spp.)			Follow brown rot blossom blight schedule and continue applications at 7- to 10-day intervals. Make additional applications after harvest.	
Nectarines				
Diseases	Rate of Nova 40W		Use Recommendations	Restrictions
	(oz/100 gal)[†]	(oz/acre)		
Brown Rot Blossom Blight (<i>Monilinia</i> spp.)	1.25 to 2.0 (0.5 to 0.8 oz active)	2.5 to 6.0 (1.0 to 2.4 oz active)	Begin application at early pink bud stage before infection occurs. If conditions are favorable for disease development, apply again at full bloom and petal fall.	Do not apply more than 3.25 lb of Nova 40W (1.3 lb active) per acre per season.
Brown Rot (<i>Monilinia</i> spp.)			Refer to Apricots	
Powdery Mildew (<i>Podosphaera</i> and <i>Sphaerotheca</i> spp.)			Refer to Apricots	
Shothole (<i>Stigmina</i> spp.)			Follow brown rot blossom blight schedule making additional applications at 7- to 10-day intervals as long as needed.	
Peaches				
Diseases	Rate of Nova 40W		Use Recommendations	Restrictions
	(oz/100 gal)[†]	(oz/acre)		
Brown Rot Blossom Blight (<i>Monilinia</i> spp.)	1.25 to 2.0 (0.5 to 0.8 oz active)	2.5 to 6.0 (1.0 to 2.4 oz active)	Begin application at early pink bud stage before infection occurs. If conditions are favorable for disease development, apply again at full bloom and petal fall.	Do not apply more than 3.25 lb of Nova 40W (1.3 lb active) per acre per season.
Brown Rot (<i>Monilinia</i> spp.)			Refer to Apricots	
Powdery Mildew (<i>Podosphaera</i> spp.)			Refer to Apricots	
Rust (<i>Tranzschelia</i> spp.)			Apply 6 ounces (2.4 oz active) per acre. Begin application approximately 8 weeks after flowering if environmental conditions are favorable for disease development. For optimum disease control, do not apply on an application schedule exceeding 21- days.	
Plums, Prunes				
Diseases	Rate of Nova 40W		Use Recommendations	Restrictions
	(oz/100 gal)[†]	(oz/acre)		
Brown Rot Blossom Blight (<i>Monilinia</i> spp.)	1.25 to 2.0 (0.5 to 0.8 oz active)	2.5 to 6.0 (1.0 to 2.4 oz active)	Begin application at green tip, before infection occurs. If conditions are favorable for disease development, apply again at full bloom and petal fall.	Do not apply more than 2.75 lb of Nova 40W (1.1 lb active) per acre per season.
Brown Rot (<i>Monilinia</i> spp.)			Refer to Apricots	
Rust (<i>Tranzschelia</i> spp.)			Refer to Peaches	

[†]250 gallon dilute spray per acre basis.

Use Directions for Vegetables

Asparagus			
Diseases	Nova 40W (oz/acre)	Use Recommendations	Restrictions
Rust (<i>Puccinia</i> spp.)	5.0 (2.0 oz active)	Begin applications to the developing ferns after harvest has taken place. Repeat applications on a schedule not to exceed 14 days. Apply with a spray adjuvant, such as Latron B-1956* or Latron CS-7*	Do not apply to harvestable spears. Do not apply within 180 days of harvest in all states except California. When a 180-day treatment to harvest interval is used, do not make more than 6 applications of 5 oz of (0.125 lb active) per growing season. This is equivalent to 30 ounces product (0.75 lb active) per acre per year. When a 30-day treatment to harvest interval is used, do not make more than 4 applications of 5 oz (0.125 lb active) or 20 ounces of product (0.5 lb active) per acre per year. In California, either a 30 or 180 day treatment to harvest interval may be used.
Cucurbits			
Including: balsam apple, bitter melon, cantaloupe, casaba, Chinese cucumber, Chinese waxgourd, citron melon, creshaw melon, cucumber, golden pershaw melon, edible gourd, ornamental gourd, honey balls, honeydew melon, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, pumpkin, Santa Claus melon, snake melon, summer squash, winter squash, and watermelon			
Diseases	Nova 40W (oz/acre)	Use Recommendations	Restrictions
Powdery Mildew (<i>Erysiphe</i> and <i>Sphaerotheca</i> spp.)	2.5 to 5 (1.0 to 2.0 oz active)	Begin application at first sign of disease development and continue on a 7- to 10-day application schedule. For the control of other foliar cucurbit diseases, co-applications of registered protectant fungicides should be made according to label use directions.	Do not apply more than 1.5 lb of Nova 40W (0.6 lb active) per acre per crop. Applications may be made up to, and including the day of harvest. Observe a 30-day plant-back interval between the last application and planting new crops at the treatment site.
Snap Beans			
Diseases	Nova 40W (oz/acre)	Use Recommendations	Restrictions
Rust (<i>Uromyces</i> spp.) Pod Tip Rot (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.)	4 to 5 (1.6 to 2.0 oz active)	Begin applications when rust is first observed. For pod tip rot, begin applications when pods begin to develop. Continue applications on a 7- to 10-day schedule if conditions remain favorable for disease development.	Applications may be made up to, and including the day of harvest. Do not apply more than 1.25 lb of Nova 40W (0.5 lb. active) per acre per crop. Observe a 30-day plant-back interval between the last application and planting new crops at the treatment site.
Tomatoes			
Diseases	Nova 40W (oz/acre)	Use Recommendations	Restrictions
Powdery Mildew (<i>Leveillua</i> spp.)	2.5 to 4.0 (1 to 1.6 oz active)	Begin applications at the first sign of disease or when environmental conditions are favorable for disease development. Do not exceed 21 days between application intervals. Apply using a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre by ground or a minimum of 10 gallons of water by air.	Do not apply more than 1.25 lb of Nova 40W (0.5 lb active) per acre per crop. Applications may be up to, and including the day of harvest. Observe a 30-day plant-back interval between the last application and planting new crops at the treatment site.

Use Directions for Non-Food Use

Hybrid Poplar (For use in nurseries or forested areas used for wood pulp production)			
Diseases	Nova 40W (oz/acre)	Use Recommendations	Restrictions
Rust (<i>Melampsora spp.</i>)	4 to 6 (1.6 to 2.4 oz active)	Begin applications at the first sign of disease and repeat applications at 10- to 14-day intervals.	Do not apply more than 1.5 lb of Nova 40W (0.6 lb active) per acre per year.
Douglas Fir (Nursery Use Only)			
Diseases	Nova 40W (oz/acre)	Use Recommendations	Restrictions
Needle Rust (<i>Melampsora spp.</i>)	5 to 10 (2 to 4 oz active)	Begin applications in early spring. Continue applications at 2 to 3 week intervals until the threat of infection is past. A spray adjuvant such as Latron CS-7 or Latron B-1956 should be added to obtain good spray coverage and disease control.	Do not apply more than 1.5 lb of Nova 40W (0.6 lb active) per acre per year.
Loblolly Pine (Nursery Use Only)			
Diseases	Nova 40W (oz/acre)	Use Recommendations	Restrictions
Fusiform Rust (<i>Cronartium quercuum</i>)	5 to 10 (2 to 4 oz active)	Begin applications in early spring. Continue applications at 2 to 3 week intervals until the threat of infection is past. A spray adjuvant such as Latron CS-7 or Latron B-1956 should be added to obtain good spray coverage and disease control.	Do not apply more than 1.5 lb of Nova 40W (0.6 lb active) per acre per year.

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Revisions:

1. Corrected copy to insert the word "pumpkin" under Cucurbits.