## TOMATO (Lycopersicon esculentum) Bacterial spot; Xanthomonas perforans

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On-farm assessment of copper-alternatives and Actigard for controlling bacterial spot on tomatoes, fall 2012.

Bacterial Spot Severity (%) <sup>x</sup> :			
Treatment, rate/100 gal <sup>w</sup>	23-Oct	5-Nov	AUDPC <sup>y</sup>
Synbiont, 24 floz	55.0 ab <sup>z</sup>	71.4 ab	1644 ab
Synbiont, 48 floz	48.4 ab	71.4 ab	1496 abc
Synbiont, 96 floz	48.4 ab	76.3 ab	1530 abc
Synbiont, 124 floz	48.4 ab	66.8 abc	1472 abc
Synbiont (2x), 48 floz; Actigard, 0.75 oz	35.7 b	62.8 bc	1167 bc
Synbiont (2x), 96 floz; Actigard, 0.75 oz	40.6 b	81.5 a	1422 abc
Synbiont (2x), 48 floz	48.4 ab	71.4 ab	1506 abc
Synbiont (2x), 96 floz	66.8 a	83.8 a	1973 a
Actigard, 0.75 oz	18.5 c	37.5 d	632 d
Kocide 3000, 1.5 lb; Penncozeb, 1.25 lb	37.5 b	55.0 c	1161 c
Water-treated Control	48.4 ab	66.8 abc	1472 abc
Non-treated Control	55.0 ab	62.5 bc	1592 abc
<i>P</i> =	0.0004	< 0.0001	< 0.0001

<sup>w</sup> Listed treatment rates are on a per 100 gal basis unless noted otherwise. Treatments were applied weekly or twice weekly (2x). <sup>x</sup> The severity of bacterial spot was assessed as the percentage of canopy affected. The Horsfall-Barratt scale was used for all ratings, but values were converted to mid-percentages prior to statistical analyses.

<sup>y</sup> Area under the disease progress curve (AUDPC) values were calculated using the formula:  $\Sigma([(x_i+x_{i-1})/2](t_i-t_{i-1}))$  where  $x_i$  is the rating at each evaluation time and  $(t_i-t_{i-1})$  is the time between evaluations.

<sup>z</sup> Means followed by the same letter are not significantly different according to Fisher's LSD test ( $\alpha$ =0.05)